

1. Pérez-Rodríguez LM, Diéguez-Pérez M, Millón-Cruz A, Arcos-Palomino I. Airways cephalometric norms from a sample of Caucasian Children. *J Clin Exp Dent*. 2021 Sep 1;13(9):e941-e947. doi: 10.4317/jced.58105. PMID: 34603624; PMCID: PMC8464393.
2. Alfawzan AA. Assessment of airway dimensions in skeletal Class I malocclusion patients with various vertical facial patterns: A cephalometric study in a sample of the Saudi population. *J Orthod Sci*. 2020 Aug 18;9:12. doi: 10.4103/jos JOS\_10\_20. PMID: 33354538; PMCID: PMC7749458.
3. Silva NN, Lacerda RH, Silva AW, Ramos TB. Assessment of upper airways measurements in patients with mandibular skeletal Class II malocclusion. *Dental Press J Orthod*. 2015 Oct;20(5):86-93. doi: 10.1590/2177-6709.20.5.086-093.oar. PMID: 26560826; PMCID: PMC4644924.
4. Agostinho HA, Furtado IÃ, Silva FS, Ustrell Torrent J. Cephalometric Evaluation of Children with Allergic Rhinitis and Mouth Breathing. *Acta Med Port*. 2015 May-Jun;28(3):316-21. doi: 10.20344/amp.5556. Epub 2015 Jun 30. PMID: 26421783.
5. Dobrowolska-Zarzycka M, Dunin-Wilczyńska I, Szymańska J. Craniofacial structure in patients with obstructive sleep apnoea. *Folia Morphol (Warsz)*. 2016;75(3):311-315. doi: 10.5603/FM.a2016.0003. Epub 2016 Jan 25. PMID: 26806432.